

**MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**(Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India)**

**UG Model question paper-I**  
**ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**  
**II YEAR I SEMESER**  
**EEE**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

**Note:** This question paper contains of 5 sections. Answer five questions, choosing one question from each section and each question carries 14 marks.

**SECTION-I**

**5\*14=70M**

- 1.a) Derive the expression for electric field intensity due to line charge.  
b) Four concentrated charges  $Q_1 = 0.3 \mu\text{C}$ ,  $Q_2 = 0.2 \mu\text{C}$ ,  $Q_3 = -0.3 \mu\text{C}$ ,  $Q_4 = 0.2 \mu\text{C}$  are located at the vertices of a plane rectangle. The length of rectangle is 5 cm and breadth of the rectangle is 2 cm. Find the magnitude and direction of resultant force on  $Q_1$ .

[7+7]

**(OR)**

- 2.a) Explain the Laplace and Poisson's equations for electrostatic fields.  
b) Using Gauss law, derive an expression for electric field intensity at any point inside and outside of a sphere of radius 'a' due to a uniform spherical charge distribution of volume charge density of ' $\rho$ '.

[7+7]

**SECTION-II**

- 3.a) Derive the expression for energy stored and energy density in static electric field.  
b) A parallel plate capacitor consists of two square metal plates of side 500 mm and separated by a 10 mm slab of Teflon with  $\epsilon_r = 2$  and 6 mm thickness is placed on the lower plate leaving an air gap of 4mm thick between it and upper plate. If 100 V is applied across the capacitor, find D, in Teflon and air.

[7+7]

**OR**

- 4.a) State and prove the conditions on the tangential and normal components of electric flux density and electric field intensity, at the boundary between the dielectrics.  
b) A square parallel plate capacitor 200 mm on side with a plate spacing of 25 mm is filled with a dielectric slab ( $\epsilon_r = 240$  of the same dimensions if 100 V is applied to the capacitor) Find: (i) the polarization P in the dielectric and (ii) the energy stored by the capacitor.

[7+7]

**SECTION-III**

- 5.a) State Biot-Savart's law for magnetic field B due to a steady line current in free space.  
b) Derive an expression for magnetic field intensity due to infinite sheet of current.

[7+7]

**OR**

- 6.a) A steady current of 10 A is established in a long straight hollow aluminum conductor having inner and outer radius of 1.5 cm and 3 cm respectively. Find the value of B as function of radius  
b) Derive an expression for the magnetic field strength at the center of a square loop of side 'a' meters and N turns.

[7+7]

#### SECTION-IV

- 7.a) Derive point form of Ampere's circuital law.
- b) Two infinitely long parallel conductors are separated by a distance 'd'. Find the force per unit length exerted by one of the conductor on the other if the currents in the two conductors are  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ . [7+7]

**OR**

- 8.a) Derive the expression for inductance of a solenoid.
- b) A single-phase circuit comprises two parallel conductors A and B, each 1 cm diameter and spaced 1 meter apart. The conductors carry currents of +100 and -100 amperes respectively. Determine the magnetic field intensity at the surface of each conductor and also exactly midway between A and B. [7+7]

#### SECTION-V

- 9.a) A conductor with cross sectional area of  $10 \text{ cm}^2$  carries a conduction current of  $0.2 \sin(109t) \text{ mA}$ . Given that  $\sigma = 2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ S/m}$  and  $\epsilon_r = 6$ , calculate the magnitude of the displacement current density.
- b) Derive the Maxwell's equations in point and integral form for time varying fields. [7+7]

**OR**

- 10.a) Explain the concept of displacement current and obtain an expression for the displacement current density.
- b) Derive Maxwell's fourth equation,  $\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$ . [7+7]

**MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**(Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India)**

**UG Model question paper-II**  
**ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**  
**II YEAR I SEMESER**  
**EEE**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks:70**

---

**Note:** This question paper contains of 5 sections. Answer five questions, choosing one question from each section and each question carries 14 marks.

**5\*14=70M**

**SECTION-I**

- 1.a) Three equal positive charges of  $4 \times 10^{-9}$  coulomb each are located at three corners of a square, side 20cm. determine the electric field intensity at the vacant corner point of the square.
- b) State and explain Maxwell's first law. [7+7]

**OR**

- 2.a) What is an electric dipole? Obtain expression for torque experienced by an electric dipole in a uniform electric field.
- b) Derive the expression for Potential gradient. [7+7]

**SECTION-II**

- 3.a) Derive the expression for the energy stored in the charged condenser.
- b) The capacitance of a parallel plate condenser is  $0.2 \mu\text{F}$ . Potential difference between the plates is 2V. Calculate the energy stored by the charged condenser. [7+7]

**OR**

- 4.a) Differentiate static electric and magnetic fields.
- b) Derive Equation of continuity. What is its significance? [7+7]

**SECTION-III**

- 5.a) Find the Magnetic Field Intensity due to a straight current carrying filament.
- b) Find the magnetic field intensity at the centre O of a square loop of sides equal to 5M and carrying 10A of current. [7+7]

**OR**

- 6.a) State Ampere's circuital law and prove the same.
- b) In the region  $0 < r < 0.5\text{m}$ , in cylindrical co-ordinates, the current density is  $J = 4.5e^{-2r} \hat{a}_z (A/m^2)$  and  $J = 0$  elsewhere. Use Amperes law to find H [7+7]



#### SECTION-IV

7.a) Derive an expression for magnetic field strength  $H$ , due to a current carrying conductor of finite length placed along the  $y$ -axis, at a point  $P$  in  $x$ - $z$  plane and  $r$  distant from the origin.

b) What is scalar magnetic potential? Give its limitations. [7+7]

**OR**

8.a) A toroid with cross section of radius  $2\text{cm}$  has a silicon steel core of mean length  $28\text{cm}$  and an air gap of length  $1\text{mm}$ . Assume the air-gap area is  $10\%$  greater than the adjacent core and find the mmf required to establish an air-gap flux of  $1.5\text{ mwb}$ .

b) Explain the concept self and mutual inductances. [7+7]

#### SECTION-V

9. Write Maxwell's equation for static fields. Explain how they are modified for time varying electric and magnetic fields. [14]

**OR**

10.a) Generalize Ampere's law for time varying fields.

b) In a material for which  $\sigma = 5.0\text{ s/m}$  and  $\epsilon_r = 1$ , the electric field intensity is  $E = 250 \sin 1010t$  (V/m). Find the conduction and displacement current densities and the frequency at which they have equal magnitudes. [7+7]

**MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

**(Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India)**

**UG Model question paper-III**

**ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**

**II YEAR I SEMESER**

**EEE**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

**Note:** This question paper contains of 5 sections. Answer five questions, choosing one question from each section and each question carries 14 marks.

**5\*14=70M**

**SECTION-I**

- 1.a) Determine the potential at (0,0,4) m caused by a total charge  $10^{-8}$  C distributed uniformly along a disc of radius 4m lying in the  $z=0$  plane and centered at origin.  
b) Define work done and electric potential. Show that the electric field intensity is negative gradient of potential. [7+7]

**OR**

- 2.a) Find the value of electric field intensity at any point along the axis of a uniformly charged disc.  
b) State Gauss law and mention few applications of it. [7+7]

**SECTION-II**

- 3.a) What is an electric dipole and dipole moment? Derive an expression for torque experienced by an electric dipole.  
b) A parallel plate capacitor has conducting plates of area equal to  $0.04\text{m}^2$ . The plates are separated by a dielectric material whose  $\epsilon_r = 2$  with the plate separation of 1cm. Find its capacitance value. [7+7]

**OR**

- 4.a) Derive the boundary conditions of two dielectric media.  
b) Explain about equation of continuity in electrostatic fields. [7+7]

**SECTION-III**

- 5.a) Using ampere's circuital law, find MFI due to an infinite sheet of current.  
b) What is the magnetic field, H in Cartesian coordinates due to z- directed current element? Find **J** if  $I=2\text{A}$ .

**OR**

- 6.a) What is meant by Curl? Give its significance.  
b) A steady current of I amperes flow in a circular bent in the form of square loop of side 'a'. Find the MFI (H) at the center of the loop.

[7+7]

#### SECTION-IV

- 8.a) Find the force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors in the same and opposite directions.
- b) Explain the concept of scalar and vector magnetic potentials. [7+7]

**OR**

- 9.a) Find the inductance of Solenoid.
- b) Derive the expression for energy stored and energy density in a magnetic field. [7+7].

#### SECTION-V

10. Write Maxwell's equations in point form and explain physical significance of the equations. [14]

**OR**

- 11.a) State and explain the Faraday's laws in electromagnetic induction.
- b) Explain statically and dynamically induced e.m.fs. . [7+7]

**MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**(Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India)**  
**UG Model question paper-IV**  
**ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**  
**II YEAR I SEMESER**  
**EEE**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

**Note:** This question paper contains of 5 sections. Answer five questions, choosing one question from each section and each question carries 14 marks.

**5\*14=70M**

**SECTION-I**

- 1.a) If  $V=2x^2y+20z-(4/(x^2+y^2))$  Volts, Find  $E$  and  $D$  at P (6,-2.5,3)  
b) Derive Laplace and Poisson equation. [7+7]

**OR**

- 2.a) A circular disc of radius 'a' m is charged uniformly with a charge density of  $\sigma$  c/ m<sup>2</sup>. Find the electric field at a point 'h' m from the disc along its axis.  
b) What is an electric dipole? Obtain expression for torque experienced by an electric dipole in a uniform electric field. [7+7]

**SECTION-II**

- 3.a) Show the expression of the capacitance for a spherical capacitor consists of 2 concentric spheres of radius 'a' & 'b' also obtain the capacitance for an isolated sphere.  
b) Find the capacitance of a conducting sphere of 2 cm in diameter, covered with a layer of polyethelene with  $\epsilon_r = 2.26$  and 3 cm thick. [7+7]

**OR**

- 4.a) Derive an expression for capacitance of co-axial cable.  
b) In a material for which  $\sigma = 5.0$  s/m and  $\epsilon_r = 1$ , the electric field intensity is  $E = 250 \sin 1010t$  (V/m). Find the conduction and displacement current densities.

[7+7]

**SECTION-III**

- 5.a) Using Biot-Savart's law, find the magnetic field intensity on the axis of a circular loop with radius R and carrying a steady current I.  
b) Find the magnetic field intensity at the centre of square loop of side 5m carrying 10A of current. [7+7]

**OR**

- 6.a) State Ampere's circuital law and explain any two applications of Ampere's circuital law.  
b) Derive the equation to show that curl of magnetic field intensity is equal to current density. [7+7]

#### SECTION-IV

- 7.a) Show that the force between two parallel conductors carrying current in the same direction is attractive.
- b) A magnetic field,  $B = 3.5 \times 10^{-2}$  along the x-axis. If the conductor current is 5 A in the  $-A_x$  direction, what force must be applied to hold the conductor in position. [7+7]

**OR**

- 8.a) Derive the expression for self inductance of a coaxial cable of inner radius 'a' and outer radius 'b'.
- b) Determine the inductance of a solenoid of 2500 turns wound uniformly over a length of 0.25m on a cylindrical paper tube, 4 cm in diameter and the medium is air. [7+7]

#### SECTION-V

- 9.a) Write Maxwell's equations in integral form for time varying Fields.
- b) Generalize Ampere's law for time varying fields. [7+7]

**OR**

- 10.a) State and explain Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.
- b) In a material for which  $\sigma = 5.0$  s/m and  $\epsilon_r = 1$ , the electric field intensity is  $E = 250 \sin 1010t$  (V/m). Find the conduction and displacement current densities, and the frequency at which they have equal magnitudes. [7+7]



